

MATH 8150 Final Exam — Spring 2020

Instructor: Jingzhi Tie
Tuesday, May 5th, 2020

Print Your Name: _____

You may freely use the theorems we covered in the semester
(either proved in the text or in class).

You may use results in homework assigned during the semester *unless*
they are not what the exam problems explicitly ask you to do and you state them clearly.

*If you have work on separate pages for grading, clearly label each problem.
Cross out the parts you do not want to be graded.*

Problem #	Points	Score
1	20	
2	20	
3	20	
4	20	
5	20	
6	20	
Total	120	

!!! GOOD LUCK AND HAVE FUN!!!

1. Compute the integral $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{a + b \cos \theta} d\theta$ with $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$, $|a| > |b| > 0$.
2. The function $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)z^2}$ is analytic in $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{0, 1\}$.
 - (i) Expand this function in a Laurent series valid in a deleted neighborhood of
 - (a) $z = 0$ and (b) $z = 1$.
 - (ii) Expand $f(z)$ in Laurent series centered at $z = 0$ that are valid in
 - (a) $|z| < 1$, (b) $1 < |z| < 2$, (c) $|z| > 2$
3. (1) Show that if f is analytic in an open set containing the disc $|z - a| \leq R$, then

$$|f(a)|^2 \leq \frac{1}{\pi R^2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^R |f(a + re^{i\theta})|^2 r dr d\theta$$

- (2) Let Ω be a region and $M > 0$ a fixed positive constant. Let \mathcal{F} be the family of all analytic functions f on Ω such that $\iint_{\Omega} |f(z)|^2 dx dy \leq M$. Show that \mathcal{F} is a normal family.
4. A holomorphic mapping $f : U \rightarrow V$ is a local bijection on U if for every $z \in U$ there exists an open disc $D \subset U$ centered at z so that $f : D \rightarrow f(D)$ is a bijection. Prove that a holomorphic map $f : U \rightarrow V$ is a local bijection if and only if $f'(z) \neq 0$ for all $z \in U$.
5. Consider the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(z + \frac{1}{z} \right)$ for $z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$.
 - (a) Show that f is univalent on the punctured disc $\mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\}$. What is the image of $|z| = r < 1$ under this map?
 - (b) Show that f is univalent on the domain $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| > 1\}$. What is the image of this domain under this map?
 - (c) What is the inverse mapping $f^{-1} : \mathbb{C} \setminus [-1, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\}$?
6. (a) (The maximum modulus principle) Suppose that U is a bounded domain and that $f(z)$ is a non-constant continuous function on \bar{U} whose restriction to U is holomorphic. If $z_0 \in U$ that

$$|f(z_0)| < \sup\{|f(z)| : z \in \partial U\}.$$
 - (b) Furthermore if $|f(z)|$ is constant on ∂U , then $f(z)$ has a zero in U : there exists $z_0 \in U$ for which $f(z_0) = 0$.